ORDINANCE NO. 3007

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE AS ADOPTED BY THE CITY; AMENDING TITLE 9 OF THE LYNNWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, in November 2012, the Washington State Building Code Council adopted the 2012 International Building, Residential, Mechanical and Fire Codes, and the 2012 Uniform Plumbing Code; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to update certain chapters of the Lynnwood Municipal Code to conform to the newly adopted State codes which become effective July 1, 2013; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has determined that adoption of the 2012 codes with certain local amendments is in the public interest; NOW THEREFORE

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Amendment. Title 9 of the Lynnwood Municipal Code is hereby amended as follows:

Title 9
FIRE

Chapters:
9.01 Authority
9.04 International Fire Code
9.06 Fire Lanes
9.12 Fireworks
9.16 Hydrants
9.18 Fire Sprinkler Systems
9.20 Fire Alarm Systems
9.22 Building Construction
9.24 Sky Lanterns
Chapter 9.01 Authority

Section 9.01.010 Title, Authority, and Applicability
The Lynnwood Fire Code is comprised of the state and locally adopted model code (International Fire Code) and locally adopted regulations. While it is the intent of the City of Lynnwood to be consistent with regional, state and national good practice, the City of Lynnwood is responsible for the evaluation of risk and benefit regarding the public health, safety and welfare. As such, the City has exercised and continues to reserve its right to institute local rules and regulations governing the development and use of businesses, operations, occupancies, and structures.

Section 9.01.020 Lynnwood Fire Department Standards
It is the intent of the Lynnwood Fire Department to enforce the provisions of adopted codes in a manner that is consistent, fair, without undue burden, efficient, and beneficial to the short-and long-term health, safety and economic well-being of the citizens, businesses, employees and visitors of our community. In meeting this intent and in accordance with the authority and jurisdiction granted in the International Fire Code Chapter 1, the Lynnwood Fire Department standards have been created. They are formulated as individual standards on specific topics as deemed necessary. Requirements found in the International Fire Code, state law, community development guides, or other references are not generally repeated herein.

Section 9.01.030 Adoption of International Fire Code
As amended by the provisions of this chapter and official administrative interpretations by the Fire Marshal, the 2012 Edition of the International Fire Code published by the International Code Council, including Appendices B, C, and D as amended by Chapter 51-54A WAC, one copy of which shall be on file in the office of the City of Lynnwood Finance Director, is adopted by this reference.

Section 9.01.040 Severability
If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word of this code should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality thereof shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other portions of this code.

3007
9.01.050  Fees  
All fees authorized under Section 113 IFC shall be set forth in a fee ordinance adopted, and from time to time amended, by the City Council. Fees required for fire permits can be found in Chapter 3.104 LMC.

9.01.060  Conflicting Codes  
Where there is a conflicting requirement between a nationally recognized code and a provision of this Title, this Title shall be applicable.

9.01.070  Appeals  
Whenever the Fire Marshal disapproves an application or refuses to grant a permit applied for, or when it is claimed that the provisions of the code do not apply, or that the true intent and meaning of the code have been misconstrued or wrongly interpreted, the applicant may appeal the decision of the Fire Marshal to the hearing examiner in accordance with Chapter 16.50 LMC.

9.01.080  Definitions  
Whenever the following terms are used in this Title or other applicable codes they shall be defined as follows:

1. Approved Central Station List: A list of central stations that meet the requirements and have an approved application to monitor fire alarm and sprinkler flow alarms within the City of Lynnwood, WA.
2. Approving Authority: The City of Lynnwood Fire Marshal
3. Assumed Property Line: An imaginary line separating two buildings on the same property.
4. Automatic Fire Alarm System: A system of heat, smoke or other detection devices along with notification devices and a control panel to detect the early stage of a fire and alert the occupants per NFPA 72.
5. Automatic Fire Sprinkler System: A systems of pipes, control valves and sprinkler heads arranged in a building to discharge water on a fire per NFPA 13, 13D and 13R.
6. Building Code: International Building Code as currently adopted by the City of Lynnwood, WA.
7. Code or Fire Code: Chapter 9 LMC, as now existing or hereafter amended, and the edition of the International Fire Code as adopted by Chapter 9 LMC.
8. Common Fireworks: Any fireworks as defined in RCW 70.77.136.
9. Corporate Counsel: Attorney for the City of Lynnwood, WA
10. City: The City of Lynnwood, WA
11. FDC: Fire Department Connection
12. Fire Chief: The Chief of the City of Lynnwood Fire Department

14. Fire Department: The Fire Department of the City of Lynnwood and/or any recognized fire department normally responding in the area.

15. Fire Detection System: a system of heat and/or smoke detectors connected to a communicator or control panel; typically without notification devices.

16. Fire Flow: The amount of water required to extinguish a fire. Also see Appendix B of the 2012 IFC.

17. Fire Watch: A temporary measure intended to ensure continuous and systematic surveillance of a building or property by one or more qualified employees of a licensed and bonded security company for the purposes of identifying and controlling fire hazards, detecting early signs of unwanted fire, raising an alarm of fire and notifying the fire department.

18. Fireworks: Any fireworks as defined in RCW 70.77.126.

19. Flush Type Hydrant: A hydrant installed entirely below grade.

20. Hot Works: Processes that involve an open flame or cutting / welding operations that produce sparks.

21. Jurisdiction: The City of Lynnwood, WA


25. Public Hydrant: A fire hydrant so situated and maintained to provide water for firefighting purposes without restriction as to use. The location is such that it is accessible for immediate use of the fire department.

26. Private Hydrant: A fire hydrant so situated and maintained to provide water for firefighting purposes with restrictions for its use limited to certain defined property or properties. The location may be such that it is not readily accessible for immediate use of the city fire department for other than private property.

27. Sky Lantern: An airborne lantern typically made of paper with a wood frame containing a candle, fuel cell composed of waxy flammable material or other open flame which serves as a heat source to heat the air inside the lantern to cause it to lift into the air. "Sky candles," "fire balloons" and "airborne paper lanterns" mean the same as sky lanterns.

28. Special fireworks: Any fireworks as defined in RCW 70.77.131.

9.01.090 New Materials, Processes or Occupancies Requiring Permits

The fire chief shall determine and specify, after giving affected persons an opportunity to be heard, any new materials, processes or occupancies, which shall require permits, in addition to
those now enumerated in the code. The chief of the bureau of fire prevention shall post such list in a conspicuous place in his office, and distribute copies thereof to interested persons.

9.01.100 Violation and Penalty

A. Failure to Comply
Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Code or fails to comply therewith, or who violates or fails to comply with any order made thereunder, or who builds in violation of any detailed statement of specifications or plans submitted and approved thereunder, or any certificate or permit issued thereunder, and from which no appeal has been taken, or who fails to comply with such an order as affirmed or modified by the Hearing Examiner or by a court of competent jurisdiction, within the time fixed therein, shall severally for each and every such violation and noncompliance, respectively, be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of not more than $1,000 or by imprisonment for not more than 90 days or both such fine and imprisonment. The imposition of one penalty for any violation shall not excuse the violation or permit it to continue, and all such persons shall be required to correct or remedy such violations or defects within a reasonable time; and when not otherwise specified, each day that prohibited conditions are maintained shall constitute a separate offense.
The application of the above penalty shall not be held to prevent the enforced removal of prohibited conditions.

B. Civil Penalty for Operating without a Required Permit
Whenever the Fire Marshal determines that a person, firm, corporation or company is operating without permit(s) as required by this code, he may, in addition to, or as an alternative to, any other enforcement remedies the City may have, impose a civil penalty in an amount equal to two times the amount of the required permit fee, plus $100.00 per day for each day that operations continue without the required permit(s). Written notice of intent to impose such penalty shall be served pursuant to the notice provisions of Chapters 1.40 and 2.22 LMC. Such civil penalty notice may be appealed by filing with the Fire Marshal, within five working days of service of said notice, a written request for a hearing before the City’s hearing examiner, per Chapter 16.50 LMC.

Chapter 9.04 International Fire Code
Section 9.04.100 Section 103 amended – Department of Fire Prevention
Section 9.04.110 Section 105 amended – Permits
Section 9.04.120 Section 304 amended – Combustible Waste Material
Section 9.04.130 Section 609 amended – Commercial Kitchen Hoods
Section 9.04.140 Section 806 amended – Decorative Vegetation in New and Existing Buildings
Section 9.04.150 Section 901 amended – General Fire Protection Systems
Section 9.04.160 Section 2304 amended – Dispensing Operations
Section 9.04.170 Section 3103 amended – Temporary Tents and Membrane
Structures
Section 9.04.180 Chapter 34 amended — Tire Rebuilding and Tire Storage
Section 9.04.190 Section 5601 amended — Explosives and Fireworks
Section 9.04.200 Chapter 57 amended — Flammable and Combustible Liquids
Section 9.04.210 Section 6104 amended — Location of LPG-Gas containers

9.04.100 Section 103 IFC amended — Department of Fire Prevention

Section 103.1 “General” is amended to read as follows: The code shall be enforced by the Bureau of Fire Prevention. The Bureau operates under the supervision of the Fire Chief.

Section 103.2 “Appointment” is amended to read as follows: The Chief (or Fire Marshal) in charge of the Bureau of Fire Prevention shall be appointed by the Mayor of the city upon the recommendation of the Fire Chief after successful completion of an approved civil service examination to determine their qualifications.

Section 103.3 “Deputies” is amended to read as follows: The Chief of the Fire Department may assign members of the Fire Department’s fire suppression staff to fire prevention activity, as necessary. The Chief of the Fire Department shall appoint technical inspectors who shall be selected through an approved civil service examination to determine their fitness for the position.

9.04.110 Section 105 IFC amended — Permits

Section 105.1.1 “Permits required” is amended by the addition of the following; Businesses listing all operational processes on their City of Lynnwood Business License application form and having had obtained a current City of Lynnwood Business License, will be deemed to have complied with operational permitting requirements with the exception of the following;

1. Unattended self-service motor fuel dispensing facilities
2. Tire sales/storage/service in buildings without fire sprinklers
3. Hot work operations during building construction or repairs

9.04.120 Section 304 IFC amended — Combustible Waste Material

Section 304.3 “Containers”

Section 304.3.3 “Capacity exceeding 1.5 cubic yards” and associated exceptions are deleted.

Section 304.3.4 “Capacity of 1 Cubic Yard or More” is amended as to read as follows: Dumpsters with an individual capacity of 1.0 cubic yard [200 gallons] or more shall not be
stored in buildings or placed within 5 feet of combustible walls, openings, or combustible roof eave lines unless protected by an approved automatic fire sprinkler system.

9.04.130  Section 609 IFC amended – Commercial Kitchen Hoods

Section 609.3.1 IFC “Ventilation system” is amended by the addition of the following; to read as follows: During a new Type I hood installation, exhaust fan replacement, or hood suppression installation or modification, a temperature activated switch that automatically turns on the exhaust and make-up air fans for the hood shall be installed in the plenum/exhaust duct transition area to prevent the operation of cooking appliances without the fans operating.

9.04.140  Section 806 IFC amended – Decorative Vegetation in New and Existing Buildings

Section 806.1 IFC “Natural Cut Trees” is amended to read as follows: Natural cut trees are prohibited in all occupancies except within the dwelling units of R-2 occupancies. Natural cut trees shall have the trunk bottoms cut off at least 0.5 inch above the original cut and shall be placed in a support device complying with Section 806.1.2.

Section 806.1.1 “Restricted Occupancies” and associated exceptions are deleted.

9.04.150  Section 901 IFC amended – General Fire Protection Systems

Section 901.4 “Installation”

Section 901.4.6 “Pump and riser room size” is amended to read as follows: Sprinkler riser room(s) shall be located on an outside wall at grade. Such room(s) shall be of one-hour construction and provided with a 45-minute door with a minimum opening of 36-inches to the exterior. This room shall contain all sprinkler control valves, backflow assemblies (unless prohibited by the water purveyor), fire pump, if provided, and the fire alarm control panel(s). Such room(s) shall be of a size that will allow a minimum of 36-inch clearance around all portions of the riser/pump assembly and in front of the fire alarm control panel(s). This room shall be heated to a minimum of 40° Fahrenheit to prevent freezing. All drains are to be plumbed to the exterior of the building. No other uses or utilities shall be allowed in the room. Major building remodels or square footage increases shall elicit the need to construct an exterior accessible riser room if not previously existing.

Section 901.6 “Inspection, Testing, and Maintenance”

Section 901.6.2 “Records” is amended by the addition of the following; Annual confidence test reports for fire alarm and sprinkler systems and semi-annual inspection test reports for commercial hood suppression systems shall be submitted to the Bureau of Fire Prevention by the method approved by the fire code official within 14 days of the test/inspection date.

Section 2304.3 “Unattended Self-Service Motor Fuel Dispensing Facilities”

Section 2304.3.3, “Emergency Controls” is amended by the addition of the following; Emergency controls shall be of a type which is only manually resettable from inside the attendant booth. Emergency controls shall have an approved means of illumination.

9.04.170 Section 3103 IFC amended – Temporary Tents and Membrane Structures

Section 3103.1 “General” is deleted and replaced with the following; Tent, canopies, and other membrane structures shall not be erected, operated or maintained for any purpose without first obtaining a City of Lynnwood Special Event Permit and approval from the Fire Marshal and building official. All tents, canopies, and other membrane structures erected shall meet the requirements of the current edition of NFPA 701: Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Flame Propagation of Textiles and Films. Tents, canopies, and other membrane structures meeting the requirements of the California State Fire Marshal (CSFM) as set forth in Article 8, Chapter 1, Title 19 of the California Code of Regulations (CCR) and has the information securely affixed, stamped, printed or stenciled as required by section 1321 of the above code shall be deemed as complying with NFPA 701. Exception: Approval is deemed granted from the Fire Marshal and building official for the use of canopies (no sides) that do not meet the requirements of NFPA 701 or the CSFM when associated with a Special Event Permit providing that:

1. It is limited in size to 120 square feet; and
2. Occupancy is limited to 10 or less persons; and
3. There is a minimum of 12 feet of separation between the canopy and the building (including any overhang or canopy); and
4. No open flame or cooking is associated with the use of the canopy.

Section 3103.5 “Use period” is deleted and replaced with the following; The use of any tent, canopy, or temporary membrane structure shall not be allowed; except in the case of a tent, canopy, or membrane structure used in conjunction with a special event. Such use shall not exceed the time and frequency of use provisions of Chapter 5.30 LMC or the time period of any permit issued in connection with such activities, whichever shall occur first.

9.04.180 Chapter 34 IFC amended “Tire Rebuilding and Tire Storage”

Section 3405 “Outdoor Storage”

Section 3405.1 “Individual Piles” is deleted and replaced with the following; Tire storage shall be restricted to individual piles not exceeding 2000 square feet of continuous area. Piles shall not exceed 12,000 cubic feet in volume or 6 feet in height. No more than two (2) piles shall be
allowed on any single property. Section 3405.6 “Volume more than 150,000 cubic feet” is deleted.

Section 3409 “Indoor Storage”

Section 3409.1 “Pile Dimensions” is deleted and replaced with the following: In buildings not protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system designed for tire storage, the following storage arrangements and quantity limits shall apply:

1. Tire storage shall be limited to a maximum of 2,000 square feet per building, including aisle ways.
2. All tires are to be stored on rack and be placed on treads.
3. The maximum individual allowable rack size is 5 feet 9 inches high and 25 feet in length.
4. The top of tires stored on rack shall not exceed 6 feet above the floor.
5. No tires shall be stored on their sidewalls inside the building.
6. Tires or racks shall not block or restrict egress paths inside or outside of the building.
7. A minimum of 36 inches clear space is required between racks.
8. Exception: Two racks may be placed back to back providing there is a minimum of 36 inches of clear space on the remaining 3 sides of each rack.
9. One 4-A fire extinguisher shall be provided of every 1,000 square feet (or partial thereof) of tire storage.
10. No outdoor tire storage within 25 feet of a building, including overhangs, after business hours.

9.04.190 Section 5601 IFC Amended “Explosives and Fireworks”

Section 5601.1 “Scope” is deleted and replaced with the following: The storage of explosives and blasting agents is prohibited within city limits, except for temporary storage for use in connection with approved blasting operations; provided, however, that this prohibition shall not apply to wholesale and retail stocks of small arms ammunition, explosive bolts, explosive rivets or cartridges for explosive actuated power tools in quantities involving less than 500 pounds of explosive material.

9.04.200 Chapter 57 IFC amended – Flammable and Combustible Liquid Storage.

Section 5704.2.9.6 “Above-Ground Tanks Outside of Buildings”

Section 5704.2.9.6.1 “Locations where above-ground tanks are prohibited” is deleted and replaced with the following: Storage of flammable or combustible liquids (Class I and Class II liquids) in outside above-ground tanks is prohibited in all areas of the city except those zoned for industrial use; provided, that, above-ground flammable or combustible liquid tanks may be installed on property zoned general commercial, when approved by the City of Lynnwood Fire Chief and the Community Development Director, subject to the provisions of LMC Title 21, the
requirements of the International Fire Code, as adopted by this chapter, and the following requirements:

Section 5704.3 “Container and portable tank storage” is amended by the addition of the following:

1. Tank size shall be limited to 500 gallons of any single product.
2. Listed tanks divided into two separate 500 gallon storage compartments are allowed, providing each compartment contains a different product (i.e. 500 gallons of gasoline and 500 gallons of diesel).

Section 5704.4 “Outdoor storage of containers and portable tanks”

Section 5704.4.2 “Location on Property” is amended by adding the following sentence; in no case shall aboveground storage tanks be located less than 20 feet from a property line or another building.

Section 5706 “Special Operations”

Section 5706.4 “Bulk Plants or Terminals” is amended by adding the following; Storage of Class I, Class II and Class III-A liquids in bulk plants is prohibited in all areas of the city except those zoned for industrial use.

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this chapter and the provisions of the edition of the International Fire Code as adopted by this chapter, the most restrictive requirements shall prevail.

9.04.210 Section 6104 IFC Amended “Location of LP-Gas Containers”

Section 6104.2 “Maximum Capacity Within Established Limits” is deleted and replaced with the following; Bulk storage (in excess of 500 water gallons) of liquefied petroleum gases is prohibited in all areas of the City except those zoned for industrial use and those zoned for commercial use without approval of the Fire Chief and Community Development Director.

Chapter 9.06 Fire Lanes

Section 9.06.010 Fire Lane Specifications
Section 9.06.020 Duty Not to Obstruct Fire Lane
Section 9.06.030 Temporary Fire Lanes during Construction
Section 9.06.040 Enforcement
9.06.010   Fire Lane Specifications

Fire lanes shall comply with the City of Lynnwood Fire Lane Standards, 2012 IFC Section 503 “Fire Apparatus Access Roads” as amended and 2012 IFC, Appendix D, Fire Apparatus Access Road as amended;

1. Section 503 “Fire Apparatus Access Roads” is hereby adopted in its entirety.
2. Section D103.1 is deleted.
3. Section D103.6 “Signs” and the associated subsections are deleted.
4. Section D104 “Commercial and Industrial Developments” is deleted.

9.06.020   Temporary Fire Lanes during Construction

Fire lanes are required for all buildings during the construction phase. The fire lane shall have an all-weather driving surface (typically ATB) approved by the Fire Marshal. Crushed rock or quarry spall is not acceptable.

The fire lane shall be established prior to any combustible construction or stockpiling of any combustible material and extend end to within 150 feet of all portions of a facility or stockpile and all portions of the exterior walls of the first story of the building as measured by an approved route around the exterior of the building. The fire lane shall be identified by an approved means.

Construction gates across fire lanes shall be provided with approved signs reading “Fire Department Access”. Any means of securing the gate across the fire lane must be approved by the Fire Marshal.

9.06.030   Duty Not to Obstruct Fire Lane

It is a traffic infraction for any person to park, stop and/or stand a vehicle, occupied or unoccupied, within a fire lane in violation of this chapter.

9.06.040   Enforcement

When an infraction of this chapter involving a vehicle exists, the Lynnwood Police Department is authorized to issue a notice of traffic infraction pursuant to RCW 46.63.030 as is now or hereafter amended.

In situations involving an immediate risk of harm to people or property, the Lynnwood Police Department may impound any vehicle or obstruction found within a fire lane or within 15 feet of any fire hydrant whether on public or private property; provided, such impoundment shall be in accordance with RCW 46.55.113 and the impound provisions of RCW 46.52.120 et seq., as each is now or hereafter amended.
Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the chief officers of the City of Lynnwood Fire Department are authorized and directed to enforce all of the provisions of this chapter. For such purposes they shall have the powers of a police officer.

Chapter 9.12 Fireworks
Section 9.12.030 Application for Annual Retail Fireworks Sales Permit
Section 9.12.040 Investigation and Granting Of Permits – Number Issued By City
Section 9.12.050 Permit Required
Section 9.12.060 License from State Patrol Fire Protection Bureau Required
Section 9.12.070 Cleanup – Cash Debris Bond
Section 9.12.100 Fireworks Stands – Operators
Section 9.12.110 Fireworks Stands – Compliance with State and Local Laws and Regulations
Section 9.12.120 Fireworks Stands – Additional Regulations
Section 9.12.130 Fireworks – Time of Sale and Use
Section 9.12.145 Repealed
Section 9.12.150 Violation – Penalties
Section 9.12.160 Suspension, Denial or Revocation of Permit

9.12.030 Application for Annual Retail Fireworks Sales Permit

Applications which are incomplete or submitted late will not be processed.
No person less than 18 years of age may apply for or be issued a permit under this chapter.

An application for an annual retail fireworks sales permit shall be made on forms prescribed by the City and shall:

1. Be signed by an officer of the corporation, association or other entity who will operate the stand and be submitted to the office of the finance director no later than June 1st of the year for which the permit is desired; and
2. Contain the street address and telephone number where any fireworks stock will be stored if not left in the stand, including the name of the person(s) responsible for each storage location; and
3. Set forth the exact location of the fireworks stand for which application is made; and
4. Include a certificate of insurance with the City and the applicant as named insured. Policy limits shall be not less than $50,000 and $500,000 for bodily injury liability for each person and occurrence, respectively, and $100,000 for property damage liability for each occurrence, unless such insurance is not readily available from at least three approved insurance companies. If insurance in this amount is not offered, each fireworks permit shall be covered by a liability insurance policy in the maximum amount offered by at least three different approved insurance companies; and
5. Be accompanied by a permit fee of $100.00 for each retail sales outlet. In addition, a detailed construction plan of each proposed stand and plot plan shall be submitted with the application, showing parking configurations and traffic lanes, and proposed barricaded or roped-off areas; and

6. Contain an affirmation by the applicant that the applicant shall familiarize all persons working in its retail fireworks stand(s) with the provisions of Chapter 212-17 WAC; and

7. Be accompanied by a cash debris bond in the amount of $150.00 per stand, conditioned upon the removal of the temporary stand and the cleaning up of all debris and litter from the site and adjoining area of the temporary stand by 11:59 p.m., July 15th, for the Fourth of July selling period, and otherwise as prescribed by the City; and

8. Be accompanied by a permission letter signed by the property owner, or owner’s authorized representative, authorizing the applicant’s use of the property for retail fireworks sales.

9.12.040 Investigation and Granting of Permits – Number Issued by City

Upon receiving an application for a retail fireworks sales permit or other permit authorized under RCW 70.77.260(1), the City Fire Marshal shall investigate the application and submit a report of findings and a recommendation for or against the issuance of the permit, together with reasons, to the finance director who shall forward a copy of the report to the City Council.

The finance director shall be the designee of the City Council under RCW 70.77.270, and shall grant the application for a permit if the application meets the standards set forth in the State Fireworks Law, Chapter 70.77 RCW, and the applicable ordinances of the City. The finance director shall grant or deny the application within 30 days of receipt of the application.

There shall be no limitation on the number of retail fireworks sales permits issued within or by the City of Lynnwood; however, each stand shall be considered a separate business from any other stand and must have a separate permit.

9.12.050 Permit Required

It is unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, corporation, association or other entity to engage in the retail sale of fireworks, or in any other activity for which a city permit is required under RCW 70.77.255, within the city without first obtaining the appropriate permit from the City.

The permit shall be posted in a conspicuous place on or in the retail stand so as to be readily visible from outside the stand.

9.12.060 License from State Patrol Fire Protection Bureau Required

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, partnership, corporation, association or other entity to engage in the retail sale of fireworks within the City of Lynnwood without first obtaining a
license from the director of the Washington State Patrol Fire Protection Bureau. The license from the director of the Washington State Patrol Fire Protection Bureau shall be current during all retail sales of fireworks within the City of Lynnwood.

9.12.070    Cleanup– Cash Debris Bond

The cash debris bond in the amount of $150.00 per stand shall be returned to the applicant only in the event the applicant removes the temporary stand and cleans up all debris to the satisfaction of the City. In the event the applicant fails to remove the temporary stand and/or adequately clean up debris by the time required in LMC 9.12.030, the bond shall be forfeited to the City. The applicant shall also be liable to the City for any cleanup costs (plus a 15 percent administrative fee) incurred by the City which exceeds the amount of the bond.

9.12.100    Fireworks Stands – Operators

No person other than the applicant, applicant’s organization or affiliate shall operate the stand for which the permit is issued. At least one adult person 18 years of age or older shall be present at all times in every retail fireworks stand during the hours of sale to the public and shall be responsible for supervision of the retail fireworks stand and its operation. No person, other than customers, under the age of 16 shall be allowed within a retail fireworks stand when it is open to the public.

9.12.110    Fireworks Stands – Compliance with State and Local Laws and Regulations

All retail sales of common fireworks shall be permitted only from within a temporary fireworks stand, or other structure which is in compliance with applicable provisions of the State Fireworks Law, Chapter 70.77 RCW, and administrative regulations promulgated thereunder. The City Fire Marshal will provide to all fireworks stand applicants a fireworks stand checklist setting forth a summary of certain fireworks stand requirements imposed by State Law and City Ordinance. Applicants are required to follow and comply with all of the specific requirements of City and State Law, including but not limited to the state fireworks law, Chapter 212-17 WAC, and the provisions of this chapter, as now or hereafter amended.

9.12.120    Fireworks Stands– Additional Regulations

Fireworks stands shall be subject to the following provisions:

1. Fireworks stand may only be located in a commercial zone established by the City.
2. Fireworks stands shall be inspected to verify compliance with this chapter and approved by the City Fire Marshal or their designee as a condition of, and prior to, opening for business.
3. Fireworks stands shall comply with all provisions of Chapter 212-17 WAC, as now or hereafter amended, including, but not limited to, the location of the stands, setback requirements, and siting of the stands, use of the stands and areas around the stands,
cleanup of the area around the stands, transportation of fireworks to and from the stands, and temporary storage of fireworks associated with the retail fireworks stands.

9.12.130 Fireworks—Time of Sale and Use

Except as provided in RCW 70.77.311, and with the permission of the Fire Marshal, no common fireworks shall be sold within the City except from 12:00 noon on July 1st to 10:00 p.m. on July 4th.

Discharging of fireworks shall be allowed on July 4th only from 9:00 a.m. until 11:00 p.m.

Except as provided above, the sale or discharge of common fireworks is prohibited.

Any person, corporation, association or other entity that is found guilty, pleads guilty or forfeits bail for any violation of this section shall not be issued a permit under this chapter by the City for a five-year period


The Fire Marshal shall be authorized to adopt reasonable rules for the issuance or denial of a permit for a public display of fireworks. Following receipt of an application for a permit under RCW 70.77.260(2) for a public display of fireworks, the Fire Marshal shall investigate whether the character and location of the display as proposed would be hazardous to property or dangerous to any person. Based on the investigation, the Fire Marshal shall submit a report of findings and a recommendation for or against the issuance of the permit, together with reasons, to the finance director who shall forward the report to the City Council. The City Council shall grant the application if it meets the requirements of Chapter 70.77 RCW and this chapter.

9.12.150 Violation—Penalties

Unless a specific penalty is prescribed in this chapter, anyone who violates any provision of this chapter or any of the conditions of any permit issued hereunder, or who causes another to do so, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not to exceed $1,000 and 90 days imprisonment in the city jail.

In addition, violation(s) of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the conditions imposed upon a permit issued hereunder shall subject the permit to suspension or revocation, as provided herein.

In addition, or alternatively, violation(s) of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the conditions imposed upon a permit issued hereunder shall subject the applicant to a daily civil penalty in the amount provided by LMC 1.01.085.

9.12.160 Suspension, Denial or Revocation of Permit
If an application for a retail fireworks sales permit or other permit authorized under RCW 70.77.260(1) is denied, the finance director shall so notify the applicant in writing. The notice shall indicate the reasons for denial and advising the applicant of his/her right to appeal. The applicant, within five days, may file a written request for a hearing with the finance director. The finance director or his/her designee shall hold a hearing within three business days from receipt of the appeal. The applicant shall have the burden of proof. A written decision on the appeal shall be issued within two working days following the hearing.

Any permit issued hereunder may be revoked or suspended, as provided herein, by the finance director upon the giving one day’s notice. The Fire Marshal or designee may suspend or revoke such permit effective immediately whenever necessary to prevent serious injury to person(s), property or the public peace, health, safety or welfare. Written notice of suspension or revocation shall be delivered to the organizer, applicant or to the operator or manager of the activity authorized by the permit.

The applicant shall have the right to appeal the suspension or revocation of a permit by filing a written appeal with the finance director no later than the next working day from date of suspension or revocation. A hearing on the appeal shall occur before the finance director or designee on or before the next working day following receipt of the appeal. The applicant shall have the burden of proof. A written decision of the appeal shall be issued no later than the next working day following the hearing. If the finance director or designee determines that the permit should not be revoked or should no longer be suspended, the permit shall be reinstated. The suspension or revocation of the permit shall not be stayed during the pendency of the appeal. In the event that a permit is reinstated, the appeal period shall not extend the time period for which the permit is issued.

An appeal from a denial, suspension or revocation of a permit hereunder may, at the option of the City, be consolidated with any related appeal from a denial, suspension or revocation of any other required permit hereunder.

In addition, or alternatively, violation(s) of any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the conditions imposed upon a permit issued hereunder shall subject the applicant to a daily civil penalty in the amount provided by LMC 1.01.085.

**Chapter 9.16 Hydrants**

- Section 9.16.020 Responsibility
- Section 9.16.030 Service by Water Department
- Section 9.16.040 Private Hydrant Installation
- Section 9.16.050 Flush Type Prohibited
- Section 9.16.060 Foot Valve Required
- Section 9.16.070 Leads from Service Main
- Section 9.16.080 Private Fire Mains
- Section 9.16.090 Intersection Installations
Section 9.16.100 Hydrant Spacing in Single-Family Residential Areas
Section 9.16.110 Hydrant Spacing in Commercial & Industrial Areas
Section 9.16.115 Hydrant Locations and Quantity
Section 9.16.120 Port Outlets – Valve Openings – Barrel Drains
Section 9.16.130 Approval of Piping, Installation Required
Section 9.16.140 Pumper Port Direction
Section 9.16.150 Protection
Section 9.16.160 Replacement
Section 9.16.170 Obstruction Prohibited
Section 9.16.180 Compliance Required
Section 9.16.190 Installation Work Performance
Section 9.16.200 Chlorine Treatment Required
Section 9.16.210 Penalty for Violation

9.16.020 Responsibility

The installation of fire hydrants in accordance with this chapter shall be required of the owner and/or developer of any future business, commercial, institutional or industrial facility, dwelling or dwelling development.

9.16.030 Service by Water Department

All fire hydrants installed as required by this chapter shall be served by the city water department unless conditions warrant a waiver of this provision.

9.16.040 Private Hydrant Installation

The installation of private hydrants as defined herein shall be limited to those cases when the number of public hydrants installed under the distance provisions of this chapter shall be insufficient in number. Private hydrants shall meet City requirements for public hydrants and shall be located as designated by the approving authority. The City shall have the right to go upon the premises and to use the private hydrant for public purposes, including testing, flushing and emergency uses.

9.16.050 Flush Type Prohibited

The installation of flush type hydrants is prohibited.

9.16.060 Foot Valve Required

There shall be a foot valve installed between the service main and the hydrant sufficient to permit the repair and replacement of the hydrant without disruption of water service. The type and style shall be determined by the approving authority. The location of all such valves installed shall be properly and accurately marked on identifiable plans or drawings, two copies
of which shall be furnished to the approving authority. This valve shall be furnished with a standard valve box.

9.16.070 Leads from Service Main

The lead from the service main to the hydrant shall be no less than six inches in diameter. Any hydrant leads over 50 feet in length from the service main to the hydrant shall be no less than eight inches in diameter. The provisions of this section shall apply without exception and regardless of the size of the service main.

9.16.080 Private Fire Mains

All mains on private property serving more than one fire hydrant shall be circulatory and not less than eight inches in diameter.

9.16.090 Intersection Installations

Fire hydrants shall be installed at all intersections in all areas except single-family residential areas so that the distance between hydrants does not exceed 330 feet. If the distance between intersections is over 400 feet, an additional hydrant shall be installed to limit the distance between hydrants to a maximum of 330 feet.

9.16.100 Hydrant Spacing in Single-Family Residential Areas

Fire hydrants shall be installed at street intersections in single-family residential areas. The maximum spacing between hydrants shall not exceed 600 feet unless otherwise specified by the approving authority. If intersections are over 700 feet apart, an additional hydrant shall be installed to limit the distance between hydrants to a maximum of 600 feet.

In addition to the spacing requirements set forth above, hydrants spacing shall not exceed 600 feet (as measured by vehicle travel) in cul-de-sacs or on dead-end roads.

The maximum distance from any front property line to a fire hydrant shall not exceed 300 feet. Exception: The length of pan handles or access tracts shall be included in the measurement.

9.16.110 Hydrant Spacing in Commercial & Industrial Areas

The maximum spacing between hydrants shall not exceed 300 feet in commercial and industrial areas not divided by street intersections.

All buildings, except single-family dwellings, that are located so that any portion of the building is more than 200 feet from the street (as measured by vehicle travel), or located at a different elevation than the street, shall have on-site fire hydrants located on the property.
9.16.115  Hydrant Locations and Quantity

Hydrants used to supply fire sprinkler connections and/or standpipe connections shall be located in a location approved by the Fire Marshal and within 50 feet of such connection.

The hydrant used to supply the FDC/standpipe shall be located as not to obstruct a public street or fire apparatus access to the property once a hose is connected between the hydrant, fire apparatus, and the FDC/standpipe.

Hydrants shall not be located closer than 50 feet from the building it is intended to protect.

The number of hydrants used to provide fire flows shall be as specified in IFC Table C105.1; except that, all buildings over 1,000 square feet (except single family residences) shall be protected by a minimum of two hydrants; one of which shall be located within 150 feet of the most remote location of the exterior wall of the first story. The second hydrant may be located up to 300 feet (as measured by vehicle travel) from the first hydrant.

The number, spacing, and/or location of hydrants may be modified by the Fire Marshal as needed to ensure adequate fire protection.

9.16.120  Port Outlets – Valve Openings – Barrel Drains

Standard hydrants shall have two 2 ½ inch hose outlets and one 4 ½ inch pumper port outlet. The two 2 ½ inch hose outlets shall be national standard thread and the 4 ½ inch pumper port outlet shall be a 4 ½ inch quick-connect Storz outlet. The valve opening shall be no less than 5 inches. The hydrant shall have a positive and automatic barrel drain, shall be Iowa type or equal and shall be of the “safety” or “break away” style, i.e., when accidentally broken off, water will not flow. All ports shall be capped with chains removed.

9.16.130  Approval of Piping, Installation Required

Fire hydrants shall be installed to meet sound engineering practices to include concrete blocking and strapping in all cases, and to the approval of the city engineer who shall also approve the selection and use of all pipe, fittings and valves.

9.16.140  Pumper Port Direction

Hydrants shall stand plumb, be set to the established grade with the lowest outlet of the hydrant no less than 18 inches above the grade and no less than 36 inches of clear area about the hydrant for clearance of the hydrant wrench on both outlets and on the control valve. The pumper port shall face the street. Where the street cannot be clearly defined or recognized, the port shall face the most likely route of approach and location of the fire truck while pumping, to be determined by the approving authority.
9.16.150 Protection

Where needed, the Fire Marshal will require hydrants to be protected by two or more posts, each 6 inches in diameter by 6 feet, made either of reinforced concrete or steel, their location to meet the provisions of LMC 9.16.140.

9.16.160 Replacement

When existing fire hydrants which do not conform to the requirements of this chapter are replaced, they shall be replaced with hydrants which do conform to the standards defined herein. This does not preclude a requirement by proper authority that a deficient hydrant must be replaced should structural conditions of the area change to require a hydrant or hydrants of larger flow capacity.

If a new building construction project uses an existing non-conforming hydrant to provide fire flows, the existing non-conforming hydrant shall be replaced or updated to meet current standards.

9.16.170 Obstruction Prohibited

No one shall plant any vegetation, erect any structure or perform any action which results in obstructing the view of a fire hydrant for a distance of 50 feet. The owner/occupant of any area in which a hydrant is located shall be responsible for removing weed and tree growth from around the hydrant for a distance of no less than 10 feet. The purpose of this section is to maintain visual area around the hydrant and is in addition to the requirements of LMC 9.16.140.

9.16.180 Compliance Required

The passage of this chapter is necessary for the protection of health, safety and welfare of the citizens of the City and to avoid or abate public nuisances. No building permits shall be issued for erection of any building or structure until reasonable proof of intent to comply with this chapter is indicated and the approving authority is satisfied that hydrants are to be and/or can be installed to comply with this chapter.

9.16.190 Installation Work Performance

The installation of fire hydrants shall be accomplished by a licensed and certified contractor. All installations shall be approved by the Public Works Department.

9.16.200 Chlorine Treatment Required.

Following the installation of fire hydrants, all piping, valves and hydrants shall be treated with chlorine as prescribed by law for installation of any other facility on a potable water system.
9.16.210 Penalty for Violation

Any person who violates this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and may be punished by a fine of $500.00 or by imprisonment in the city jail for a period not to exceed 90 days or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Chapter 9.18 Fire Sprinkler Requirements
Section 9.18.010 Scope
Section 9.18.020 When Required
Section 9.18.030 Systems Out of Service
Section 9.18.040 Reduction of Required Fire Flows For Buildings with Sprinkler Systems
Section 9.18.050 NFPA 13R System Modifications
Section 9.18.060 System Design
Section 9.18.070 FDC / Standpipe Location

9.18.010 Scope

The following fire sprinkler requirements apply to all buildings over 5,000 square feet except for buildings constructed under the IRC. In cases where the IFC is more restrictive, the more restrictive requirements shall prevail. Also see the City of Lynnwood Fire Sprinkler Standards

9.18.020 When Required

All newly constructed buildings, 5,000 square feet and larger shall be protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system per the applicable NFPA 13 or 13R code and the City of Lynnwood Fire Sprinkler Standards.

All existing buildings that are enlarged, added to, or expanded, in such that the total area of the building exceeds 5,000 square feet, it shall be protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system per IFC 903.3.1.1.

Buildings or structures to which additions, alterations, or repairs exceeding 25 percent of the assessed or appraised building value shall comply with all the requirements for new buildings required in this section.

Fire separation walls shall not be allowed to reduce the size of a building for the purpose of avoiding the installation of an automatic fire sprinkler system.

When in the opinion of the Fire Marshal, adequate fire protection is not available for vehicles parked in a parking garage from a fire apparatus at street level, dry standpipes shall be installed, as approved, to allow for firefighting operations.
9.18.030 Systems Out of Service

For the first 48-hours, the owner may provide a competent adult to serve as a Fire Watch. After the initial 48-hours, the Fire Watch must be provided by a licensed and bonded private security company until the system is returned to full service. The owner must furnish the Fire Marshal with the name and contact information of the competent adult and/or security company within 8 hours of implementing a Fire Watch.

9.18.040 Reduction of Required Fire Flows For Buildings with Sprinkler Systems

The fire flow required by IFC appendix B may be reduced by 50% when an approved automatic fire sprinkler is installed throughout the building.

9.18.050 NFPA 13R System Modifications

Sprinkler protection in multi-family dwellings, when required, shall be extended to the attic, bedroom closets, bathrooms, under balconies or decks, and under covered exits over 48 inches in depth.

9.18.060 System Design

All new sprinkler systems in buildings over 5,000 square feet shall be supplied by a minimum of a 6 inch diameter water supply. The system shall be capable of delivering a minimum of a 10% safety factor in addition to the required system demand @ 20 psi residual pressure.

All one and two story buildings, with the exception of A, E, and R occupancies shall be designed to provide density and spacing per NFPA 13 hazard classification of Ordinary Hazard, Group II.

All multi-story buildings shall have individual floor sprinkler control valves to control the sprinkler supply to each floor. These valves are to be located in the sprinkler riser room or in another location if approved by the Fire Marshal. Exception: Individual floor control valves shall not be required in two-story buildings with open stairways.

9.18.070 FDC / Standpipe Location

FDCs and standpipe connections shall be located away from the building, out of the collapse zone, within 50 feet of a hydrant, in a location approved by the Fire Marshal.

Chapter 9.20 Fire Alarms

Section 9.20.010 Scope
Section 9.20.020 When Required
Section 9.20.030 Systems Out of Service
Section 9.20.040 Monitoring
Section 9.20.050 Fire Alarm Control Panels
Section 9.20.060 Fire Alarm Communication Methods

9.20.010 Scope

The following fire alarm requirements apply to all commercial buildings over 1,000 square feet. In cases where the IFC is more restrictive, the more restrictive requirements shall prevail. Also see the City of Lynnwood Fire Alarm Standards.

9.20.020 When Required

All newly constructed buildings that are not protected by an automatic fire sprinkler system shall have an automatic fire alarm system installed per NFPA 72 and the City of Lynnwood Fire Alarm Standards. Newly constructed buildings that are protected with an automatic fire sprinkler system shall be provided with occupant notification devices.

Existing buildings that do not have a fire detection system and have been vacant for a period of 90 days or longer shall have an automatic fire alarm system installed meeting the requirements of new buildings prior to occupancy. For this paragraph only, vacant is meant to mean the entire building has had no occupancy.

When a building or suite is provided with a fire alarm system, fire detection system, or supervised sprinkler system but lacks adequate occupant notification appliances, audio/visual devices shall be installed as required per NFPA 72 at the time of a tenant improvement.

9.20.030 Systems Out of Service

For the first 48-hours, the owner may provide a competent adult to serve as a Fire Watch. After the initial 48-hours, the Fire Watch must be provided by a licensed and bonded private security company until the system is returned to full service. The owner must furnish the Fire Marshal with the name and contact information of the competent adult and/or security company within 8 hours of implementing a Fire Watch.

9.20.040 Monitoring

All fire alarm systems, fire detection systems, or sprinkler systems shall be monitored by a Central Station from the City of Lynnwood Approved Central Station list. Monitoring by other central stations is not allowed.
9.20.050  Fire Alarm Control Panels

Control panels that have the capabilities to connect intrusion alarm devices shall not be allowed. Only fire alarm components shall be connected to the fire alarm control panel.

There shall be only one FACP allowed per building, unless otherwise approved by the Fire Marshal.

Section 9.20.060  Fire Alarm Communication Methods

All means of communication between the FACP and the Central Station shall be of a method approved by the Fire Marshal. Only components that are serviceable by a fire alarm technician shall be part of the means of communication located on the protected premises. Also see fire alarm standards.

Chapter 9.22  Commercial Building Construction
Section 9.22.010  Scope
Section 9.22.020  New Construction
Section 9.22.030  Existing

9.22.010  Scope

In addition to the requirements of the IBC and IFC, the following requirements shall be enforced on all building construction within the City of Lynnwood unless otherwise specified. Whenever the IFC or IBC has more restrictive requirements, the more restrictive requirements shall prevail.

Exception: U occupancies under 1000 square feet and buildings built under the IRC.

9.22.020  New Construction

A. Proximity of Buildings to Property Lines

Exterior walls of buildings shall meet the following fire resistive requirements. In cases where IFC Table 601 and 602 are more restrictive, the more restrictive requirement shall prevail. Only the exterior walls parallel to the property line shall need to comply.

Exterior building walls located within 5 feet of a property line (or assumed property line between buildings on the same property) shall have 2-hour fire rated construction with no openings allowed and a parapet extending 30 inches above the highest construction point within 10 feet.
Exterior building walls located between 5 feet 1 inch and 10 feet of a property line (or assumed property line between buildings on the same property) shall have 1-hour fire rated construction with 45-minute protected openings.

B. Exterior Fire Resistive Construction

Projections, Cornices, architectural appendages, eave overhangs, exterior private balconies and similar projections, extending beyond the floor area as defined in Section 202 of the International Building Code shall be noncombustible, heavy-timber construction or one-hour fire resistive construction.

No vent openings shall be installed in projecting soffits unless made from a double layer of 1/4 inch galvanized wire screen.

C. Interior Fire Resistive Construction

All unprotected steel columns and all framed walls inside a commercial building over 1,000 square feet shall be protected by a minimum of one layer of 5/8 inch type X gypsum wall board or other equivalent fire resistive material, as determined by the Fire Marshal. This protection shall extend from floor to ceiling.

9.22.030 Existing Construction

Existing single-family dwelling units, if used for commercial purposes shall have exterior walls and soffits of one-hour construction if located 10 feet or less from a property line or assumed property line. A fire alarm system is required if the building is 1,000 square feet or larger. A sprinkler system is required if the building is 5,000 square feet or larger.

Chapter 9.24 Sky Lanterns

Section 9.24.010 Restrictions

9.24.010 Restrictions

It is unlawful for any person to sell, use, transfer, discharge or ignite any sky lantern within the city.

Section 2. Severability. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance should be held to be invalid or unconstitutional or inapplicable by a court of competent jurisdiction, such invalidity or unconstitutionality or inapplicability thereof shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of any other section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word of this Ordinance.
Section 3. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall be in full force and effective five (5) days after passage and publication as provided by law. Publication shall be by summary publication of the Ordinance Title.

PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL, this 29th day of July, 2013, and signed in authentication of its passage this 5th day of August, 2013.

APPROVED:

DON GOUGH, MAYOR

ATTEST/AUTHENTICATED:

Lorenzo Hines Jr., Finance Director

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Rosemary Larson, City Attorney

FILED WITH ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES: 07/24/2013
PASSED BY THE CITY COUNCIL: 07/29/2013
PUBLISHED: 08/02/2013
EFFECTIVE DATE: 08/07/2013
ORDINANCE NUMBER: 3007
On the 29th day of July 2013, the City Council of the City of Lynnwood, Washington, passed Ordinance No. 3007 A summary of the content of said ordinance, consisting of the title, provides as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 3007

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE AS ADOPTED BY THE CITY; AMENDING TITLE 9 OF THE LYNNWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

The full text of this ordinance will be mailed upon request or may be previewed at www.ci.lynnwood.wa.us.

DATED this 2nd day of August, 2013

[Signature]

Lorenzo Hines Jr., City Clerk and Finance Director
Affidavit of Publication

STATE OF WASHINGTON,
COUNTY OF SNOHOMISH

On the 20th day of July, 2013 the City Council of the City of Lynnwood, Washington, passed the following ordinance, consisting of the title, provides as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 2003
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, ADOPTING FINDINGS OF FACT SUPPORTING THE CITY'S MORATORIUM ON THE ACCEPTANCE AND FILING OF APPLICATIONS FOR, AND THE LICENSING, ESTABLISHMENT, LOCATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND CONTINUATION OF MEDICINAL CANNABIS COLLECTIVE GARDENS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

ORDINANCE NO. 2004
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, ADOPTING FINDINGS OF FACT SUPPORTING THE CITY'S MORATORIUM ON THE ACCEPTANCE AND FILING OF APPLICATIONS FOR, AND THE LICENSING, ESTABLISHMENT, LOCATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND CONTINUATION OF MARIJUANA BUSINESSES; AND MARIJUANA OPERATIONS UNDER WASHINGTON STATE INITIATIVE NO. 902, PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

ORDINANCE NO. 2005
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, AMENDING SECTION 17.02.250 AND DELETING SECTION 17.02.250 OF THE LYNNWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW, CATEGORICAL EXEMPTIONS AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND SUMMARY PUBLICATION.

ORDINANCE NO. 2006

ORDINANCE NO. 2007
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE AS ADOPTED BY THE CITY; AMENDING TITLE 6 OF THE LYNNWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

ORDINANCE NO. 2008
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, ESTABLISHING PROJECT FUNDING FOR THE 4TH AVENUE W SIDEWALK PROJECT; AND SUPERcedING ORDINANCE 2001 AND SUPERcedING ORDINANCE 2005, AND SUPERcedING ORDINANCE 2008, AND AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES IN PROJECT FUND 312; AND AUTHORIZING FUNDING TRANSFERS, ALLOCATIONS, AND REIMBURSEMENTS FROM FUND 160, 411, AND FUND 441; AND CONSISTENT WITH THE PROJECT FINANCIAL PLAN; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND SUMMARY PUBLICATION.

ORDINANCE NO. 2009
AN ORDNANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, ESTABLISHING PROJECT FUNDING FOR THE SCHECHETT FLOOD REDUCTION STUDY PROJECT; AND AUTHORIZING EXPENDITURES IN PROJECT FUND 411; AND AS CONSISTENT WITH THE PROJECT FINANCIAL PLAN; AND PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AN EFFECTIVE DATE AND SUMMARY PUBLICATION.

The undersigned, being first duly sworn on oath deposes and says that she is Principal Clerk of THE HERALD, a daily newspaper printed and published in the City of Everett, County of Snohomish, and State of Washington; that said newspaper is a newspaper of general circulation in said County and State; that said newspaper has been approved as a legal newspaper by order of the Superior Court of Snohomish County and that the notice

Ordinance Summaries:
3003, 3004, 3005, 3006.
3007, 3008, 3009

a printed copy of which is hereto attached, was published in said newspaper proper and not in supplement form, in the regular and entire edition of said paper on the following days and times, namely:

August 02, 2013

and that said newspaper was regularly distributed to its subscribers during all of said period.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of August, 2013

Principal Clerk

Notary Public in and for the State of Washington, residing at Everett; Snohomish County.

Account Number: 12/890
Order Number: 0001828704

Published: August 2, 2013.

Lorenzo Hines Jr., Finance Director
I, the undersigned, Lorenzo Hines Jr., the duly appointed City Clerk of the City of Lynnwood, Washington, hereby certify that the Ordinance hereeto attached is a full, true and correct copy of Ordinance No. 3007 of the City of Lynnwood, Washington, entitled as follows:

ORDINANCE NO. 3007

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF LYNNWOOD, WASHINGTON, RELATING TO THE INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE AS ADOPTED BY THE CITY; AMENDING TITLE 9 OF THE LYNNWOOD MUNICIPAL CODE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND ESTABLISHING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

That said ordinance was passed by the Council of said City and was published and posted according to law; that said ordinance was duly published in the official newspaper of said City on August 2, 2013.

Lorenzo Hines, Jr., City Clerk and Finance Director